

REMARKS

Applicant respectfully requests allowance of the subject application. Claims 1-54 are pending. Claims 1, 13, 19, 29, 37, and 45 have been amended. In view of the following remarks, Applicant respectfully requests that the rejections and objections be withdrawn and the application be forwarded along to issuance

Objections

Claims 13, 19, and 49 have been amended to address the objections.

 §§ 102(e) and 103 Rejections

Claims 1-3, 5 and 6 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,953,431 to Yashima et al. (hereinafter "Yashima"). Claims 29, 30, 32, 37-41, 45, 50 and 51 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,252,968 to Narasimhan et al. (hereinafter "Narasimhan"). Claims 4, 7, and 8 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yashima in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,305,388 to Konno et al. (hereinafter "Konno"). Claims 9 and 10 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yashima in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,815,580 to Craven et al. (hereinafter "Craven"). Claim 11 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yashima in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,319,117 to Goff (hereinafter "Goff"). Claim 12 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yashima in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,533,120 to Staudacher (hereinafter "Staudacher"). Claims 13-16, 18, 19, 21, 24 and 25 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yashima in view of Narasimhan. Claims 17, 22 and 23 stand rejected under

35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yashima in view of Konno. Claims 26-28 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yashima in view of Staudacher. Claim 31 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narasimhan in view of Konno. Claim 34 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narasimhan in view of Craven. Claim 36 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narasimhan in view of Staudacher. Claim 33 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narasimhan in view of Konno. Claim 35 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narasimhan in view of Goff. Claim 42 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narasimhan in view of Craven. Claim 43 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narasimhan in view of Goff. Claim 44 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narasimhan in view of Staudacher. Claims 46 and 47 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narasimhan in view of Yashima. Claims 48, 49, 53 and 54 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narasimhan in view of Craven. Claim 52 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narasimhan in view of Konno.

The References

Yashima describes an acoustic replay device. The acoustic replay device includes a ducted horn disposed on a speaker and an audio signal processing means including a non-recursive digital filter realizing an inverse characteristic of the transfer characteristic of the ducted horn. *See Yashima, Col. 5, Lines 14-21.* With this configuration, once the characteristic of the non-recursive digital filter is

1 set to be the inverse characteristics of the ducted horn, the acoustic radiation
2 characteristic at the opening of the ducted horn forming the sound source for the
3 sound field space always matches the replay characteristic of the speaker, without
4 regards to the type of the speaker, so that the effect of the ducted horn can be
5 easily removed, and the acoustic signal can be radiated into the sound field space
6 with a high fidelity, without deteriorating the characteristic of the speaker. *See*
7 *Yashima, Col. 5, Lines 22-31.*

8 Narasimhan describes an acoustic quality enhancement via feedback and
9 equalization for mobile multimedia systems. During a training phase, unique
10 frequency tones are transmitted (e.g., via speakers), and then recorded (e.g., via a
11 microphone). Each fed-back audio frequency tone is then used to estimate the gain
12 of the reproduction medium at that particular frequency, and the background noise
13 parameters at that frequency are also determined. This is used to construct a set of
14 inverse filters, so the original audio source can then be pre-filtered to produce the
15 desired audio output. During the second phase, which is the processing phase for
16 playing back an audio source, the audio source is decomposed into sub-bands
17 whose center frequencies are the frequency tones used for training. In each sub-
18 band, the audio signal component is pre-emphasized by the gain estimates
19 obtained during training, and also inverse filtered using the parameter estimates
20 obtained during training. The resulting signal is then reconstructed into a full-band
21 signal, resulting in an actual audio output signal that is better matched to the
22 intended audio output. *See Narasimhan, Col. 2, Lines 32-50.*

23 Kunno describes a bass compensation circuit for use in a sound
24 reproduction device. The bass compensation circuit is for use in a sound
25 reproduction device, which can compensate a frequency response at desired

1 frequencies of a low frequency range, which are necessary for music reproduction
2 in such a way that the compensated frequency response can change against change
3 in sound volume in a natural manner. *See Kunno, Col. 1, Lines 60-67.*

4 **Craven** describes compensating filters for a loudspeaker. The response of
5 the loudspeaker is measured by placing the loudspeaker in an echo free
6 environment, passing a test signal through the loudspeaker, and picking up the
7 reproduced audio signal via a microphone. From the signal measured by the
8 microphone, a suitable model of the loudspeaker response is derived. From this
9 model, the response necessary to compensate the loudspeaker is derived; in a
10 simple case, this is merely the spectral inverse of the loudspeaker response itself.
11 The loudspeaker is then positioned within the acoustic environment in which it is
12 to be used, and the microphone is placed at a listener position within the
13 environment. An electrical test signal from the test signal generator is supplied to
14 the loudspeaker and the resulting audio signal received at the microphone is
15 measured and stored. The microphone is then moved to another point and the
16 process is repeated. Once sufficient measurements have been taken, the coefficient
17 calculator calculates a room response from a combination of the stored
18 measurements, to be jointly representative of all the points at which the
19 measurements were taken. The coefficient calculator therefore uses the stored
20 model loudspeaker response jointly with the combined measured response to
21 derive the response of the acoustic environment only, eliminating the dependency
22 upon the loudspeaker. A compensation response to substantially compensate the
23 room response is derived, and combined with the loudspeaker compensation
24 response. From the combined compensation response the coefficients of the
25

1 digital filter to execute the combined compensation are derived and supplied to the
2 filter for use in subsequent audio reproduction. *See Craven, Col 8, Lines 1-22.*

3 **Goff** describes a user interface control device, which comprises of five
4 pushbutton keys arranged in a cross pattern, for the control of electronic filter
5 parameters of an audio spectrum processor. Depression of particular keys or
6 particular combinations of keys can be made to electronically control multiple
7 filter parameters, some simultaneously, for different filter types depending on the
8 filter type. The unique arrangement of the pushbutton keys facilitates operation of
9 the various parameters for bell, notch, shelf, and pass-band audio filter types with
10 a minimal number of control elements and minimal control area. *See Goff, Col. 3,*
11 *Line 66 to Col. 4, Line 15.*

12 **Staudacher** describes acoustic feedback cancellation for equalized
13 amplification systems. A speaker amplification system is described which
14 incorporates an adaptable notch filter that can dynamically adapt to the feedback
15 oscillation frequency and remove it before it is amplified above an audible level.
16 *See Staudacher, Col. 2, Lines 32-35.*

18 The Claims

19 **Claim 1** has been amended and, as amended, recites an apparatus [portions
20 of the amended language appear in bold italics below]. The apparatus is for
21 modifying an electrical audio signal for input to a sonic reproduction device *that*
22 *includes a speaker* characterized by a plurality of individual responses which in
23 combination define an overall response for the sonic reproduction device, each
24 individual response comprising at least one of a frequency, time, phase or transient
25 response, said apparatus comprising:

- a plurality of modification filters having modification responses that simulate the plurality of individual responses, *at least one said modification filter simulating an individual component of the speaker*, the modification filters for receiving the electrical audio signal, modifying the electrical audio signal and providing the electrical audio signal to the sonic reproduction device; and
- a plurality of adjustable parameters, each associated with at least one of the modification filters for allowing adjustments to the responses of the modification filters;
- wherein the adjustments create a plurality of individual conjugate responses, each individual conjugate response associated with at least one of the plurality of individual responses.

Support for this amendment can be found in the specification on page 8, lines 4-9 and page 12, line 32 through page 13, line 15. Neither Yashima, nor any of the other submitted references, alone or in combination, disclose nor suggest an apparatus in which an overall response of a sonic reproduction device that includes a speaker is defined by a plurality of modification filters. At least one of the modification filters simulates an individual component of the speaker. Accordingly, for at least this reason, this claim is allowable.

Claims 2-12 depend either directly or indirectly from claim 1 and are allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also allowable for their own recited features which, in combination with those recited in claim 1, are neither shown nor suggested in the references of record, either singly or in combination with one another.

Claim 13 has been amended and, as amended, recites a sound compensation system [portions of the amended language appear in bold italics below]. The sound compensation system is for altering an electrical audio signal

1 for input to a sonic reproduction device *including a speaker and* having
2 associated behavioral characteristic, said system comprising:

- 3 • a model of the sonic reproduction device having a plurality of filters that
4 simulate at least one of the behavioral characteristics of the sonic
5 reproduction device, each filter having an associated response that combine
6 to define an overall response for the model, *at least one said filter*
7 *simulating an individual component of the speaker*, each response
8 comprising at least one of a frequency, time, phase or transient response;
9 and
- 10 • a controller that modifies the response of each of the plurality of filters to
11 transform the filter into a conjugate filter having a response that is
12 conjugate to the original response of the filter.

13 Support for this amendment can be found in the specification on page 8,
14 lines 4-9 and page 12, line 32 through page 13, line 15. Neither Yashima nor
15 Narasimhan, nor any of the other submitted references, alone or in combination,
16 disclose nor suggest sound compensation system for input to a sonic reproduction
17 device including a speaker. The sound compensation system includes a model of
18 the sonic reproduction device having a plurality of filters that simulate at least one
19 of the behavioral characteristics of the sonic reproduction device. At least one of
20 the filters simulates an individual component of the speaker. Accordingly, for at
21 least this reason, this claim is allowable.

22 Claims 14-28 depend either directly or indirectly from claim 13 and are
23 allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also
24 allowable for their own recited features which, in combination with those recited
25 in claim 13, are neither shown nor suggested in the references of record, either
singly or in combination with one another.

1 **Claim 29** has been amended and, as amended, recites a sound system
2 [portions of the amended language appear in bold italics below] comprising:

- 3
- 4 • a sonic reproduction device having associated mechanical, acoustic and
5 electromagnetic behavioral characteristics;
 - 6 • a source for outputting an electrical audio signal to a model of the sonic
7 reproduction device, the model having a plurality of filters that simulate at
8 least one of the mechanical, acoustic and electromagnetic behavioral
9 characteristics of the sonic reproduction device, ***at least one said filter***
10 ***simulating an individual component of a speaker of the sonic***
11 ***reproduction device***, each filter having an associated response comprising
12 at least one of a frequency, time, phase or transient response, the model
13 outputting the electrical audio signal to the sonic reproduction device; and
 - 14 • a controller that modifies the responses of the filters to transform the model
15 into a conjugate model having a plurality of filters with responses that
16 comprise conjugates to the original response of the filter.
- 17

18 Support for this amendment can be found in the specification on page 8,
19 lines 4-9 and page 12, line 32 through page 13, line 15. Neither Narasimhan, nor
20 any of the other submitted references, alone or in combination, disclose nor
21 suggest sound system having a model of the sonic reproduction device. The
22 model has a plurality of filters that simulate at least one of the mechanical,
23 acoustic and electromagnetic behavioral characteristics of the sonic reproduction
24 device. At least one said filter simulates an individual component of a speaker of
25 the sonic reproduction device. Accordingly, for at least this reason, this claim is
allowable.

26 **Claims 30-36** depend either directly or indirectly from claim 29 and are
27 allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also
28 allowable for their own recited features which, in combination with those recited

1 in claim 29, are neither shown nor suggested in the references of record, either
2 singly or in combination with one another.

3 **Claim 37** has been amended and, as amended, recites a method [portions of
4 the amended language appear in bold italics below]. The method is for modifying
5 an electrical audio signal for input to a sonic reproduction device *having a*
6 *speaker* and characterized by a plurality of individual responses which in
7 combination define an overall response for the sonic reproduction device, each
8 individual response comprising at least one of a frequency, time, phase or transient
9 response, said method comprising the steps of:

- 10 • simulating the plurality of individual responses with a plurality of filters,
11 *wherein at least one said filter simulates an individual component of the*
12 *speaker;*
- 13 • adjusting the responses of the plurality of filters such that, for each filter,
14 the adjusted response comprises a response that is a conjugate to one of the
15 individual responses; and
- 16 • inputting the electrical audio signal to the filters.

17 Support for this amendment can be found in the specification on page 8,
18 lines 4-9 and page 12, line 32 through page 13, line 15. Neither Narasimhan, nor
19 any of the other submitted references, alone or in combination, disclose simulating
20 a plurality of individual responses with a plurality of filters, wherein at least one
21 filter simulates an individual component of the speaker. Accordingly, for at least
22 this reason, this claim is allowable.

23 **Claims 38-44** depend either directly or indirectly from claim 37 and are
24 allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also
25 allowable for their own recited features which, in combination with those recited

1 in claim 37, are neither shown nor suggested in the references of record, either
2 singly or in combination with one another.

3 **Claim 45** has been amended and, as amended, recites a method [portions of
4 the amended language appear in bold italics below]. The method altering an
5 electrical audio signal for input to a sonic reproduction device having *a speaker*
6 and associated behavior characteristics, said method comprising the steps of:

- 7 • simulating at least one of the behavioral characteristics of the sonic
8 reproduction device with a plurality of filters, *at least one said filter*
9 *simulating an individual component of the speaker*, each filter having an
10 associated response comprising at least one of a frequency, time, phase or
11 transient response; and
- 12 • for each of the filters, modifying the response of the filter to transform the
13 filter into a conjugate filter having a response that comprises a conjugate to
14 the original response of the filter.

15 Support for this amendment can be found in the specification on page 8,
16 lines 4-9 and page 12, line 32 through page 13, line 15. Neither Narasimhan, nor
17 any of the other submitted references, alone or in combination, disclose simulating
18 at least one of the behavioral characteristics of a sonic reproduction device with a
19 plurality of filters, at least one said filter simulating an individual component of
20 the speaker. Accordingly, for at least this reason, this claim is allowable.

21 **Claims 46-54** depend either directly or indirectly from claim 45 and are
22 allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also
23 allowable for their own recited features which, in combination with those recited
24 in claim 45, are neither shown nor suggested in the references of record, either
25 singly or in combination with one another.

Conclusion

All of the claims are in condition for allowance. Accordingly, Applicant requests a Notice of Allowability be issued forthwith. If the Office's next anticipated action is to be anything other than issuance of a Notice of Allowability, Applicant respectfully requests a telephone call for the purpose of scheduling an interview.

Respectfully Submitted,

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